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BY RAILROAD DIRECT THE WEST. between Washington and Wheeling but 17 1-2 hours!

Running time between Washington and Cincin nati 27 hours! Through Tickets and Baggage Checks o be has

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD HAVING greatly improved its Western connections now offers the fulle-t inducements to travellers between Washington, Baltimore, and all portions of the West, the Northwest and the Southwest.

The connection between the trains from Washington, Baltimore, and the southwest from Baltimore.

The connection between the trains from Washington and the trains bound west from Baltimore is always promptly made at the Washington Junction (lately called the Relay House) 9 miles from Baltimore. This is the only change of cars required between Washington and the Ohio river. Baggage is checked through to Wheeling at the Washington station, and rechecked and transferred there. (with the passengers) without charge

hour only.

At Wheeling direct connection is made with the trains of the CENTRAL OHIO RAIL.ROAD, run ning from Bellairre on the Ohio, near Wheeling through Cambridge, Zanesville and Newark. to COLUMBUS. These trains connect at Newark with the cars of the Newark. Mansfield and Sandusky Railroad for Sandusky. Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, etc.

At Columbus the C. O. Railroad trains connect with the fast trains of the Little Miami Railroad and at same time mixes clearly and freely with

with the fast trains of the Little Miami Railroad to Xenia. CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, etc. At Xenia (on Lutte Miami Railroad) connection is formed with the trains through Dayton, to INDI ANAPOLIS, Terre Haute, Lafayette, Chicago

Rock Island, St. Louis, etc.

II Passengers holding through tickets for Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez, New Orleans etc. which are also sold at Washington, are transferred at Cincinnati to the Mail Steamers on the Ohio Tickets for Facetille Contract St. J. Tickets for Evansville, Cairo, and St. Louis are

sold by this route.

TO FOR CLEVELAND, and via Cleveland to

speedy, and direct to nearly all the leading points in the great West. The distance from Washington to Cincinnati is but 653 miles, being about 100

miles shorter than by any other route!
FARE BY THROUGH TICKET FROM WASHINGTON: To Wheeling, \$9 50; Columbus, \$13 65; Dayton, \$15 50; Cincinnati, \$16; Louis vi.le, by railroad, \$18 65; by steamer from Cincinati. \$18; Indianapolis, \$17 50; Cleveland, \$12 15; 10ledo, \$15 80; Detioit, \$15 20; Chicago \$20 65 and \$19 50; St. Louis, \$25 50 and \$25; Memphis.

826; New Orleans, \$31, etc.

ILT FOR FREDERICK and HARPER'S FERRY, MARTINSBURG, BERKLEY SPRINGS,
CUMBERLAND, BEDFORD SPRINGS, Piedmont, Oakland, and Fairmount, passengers may leave Washington at 6 a. m. or 4½ p. m. For the minor way stations between Baltimore and Wheeling, take 6 a. m. train from Washington.

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etc., see special advertisements.

For further information, through tickets, &c., apply to THOS. H. PARSONS, Agent at Washington Station. JOHN H. DONE,

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WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD

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Leave Washington at 6 and So a. m., and 3 and 4½ p. m. Leave Baltimore at 4½ and 9½ a. m., and 3 and 54 p. m.
On Sundays the only train from Baltimore is

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RUDIMENTARY AND PRACTICAL

pined for the use of juvenile students and amaeurs in architecture, painting, &c.; also adapted
or schools and private instructors, fourth edition,
revised and enlarged, by George Payne, artist;
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Rudiments of the Art of Building, in five sections, viz: 1. General principles of construction;
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specifications, and estimates, illustrated with 111
woodcuts, by Edward Dobson, author of the Railways of Belgium, &c.

ways of Belgium, &c. Elements of Mechanism, elucidating the scientific principles of the practical construction of machines, for the use of schools and students in mechanical engineering, with numerous speci-mens of modern machines remarkable for their

utility and ingenuity, illustrated with 243 engrav-ngs, by T. Baker, author of Railway Engineering,

Just received, and for sale at the Bookstore of R. FARNHAM, corner of 11th street and Penn-

LAW NOTICE, Brown, Stanton, and Walker. WM. T. BROWN, FRED. P. STANTON, and J. KNOX WALKER, have formed a partnership for practising law in the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Court of Claims in Washington, and in the Courts of Tennessee. Offices in Washington and Memphis. One of the parties will always be found at either place, and letters addressed to them will receive April 21-tfend

BAPPAHANNOCK ACADEMY. COR LEASE OR RENT .-- The subscriber having determined to discontinue teaching school, offers for Lease or Rent the Rappahannock Academy, which he wishes to dispose of for the next four years. There has been a school at the place for forty years. It is situated seven teen miles below Fredericksburg, immediately on then miles below Fredericksberg, immediately on the road between that place and Port Royal. The locality can be surpassed by none for beauty or healthfulness, is supplied with all necessary buildings, which are in good repair and will ac-commodate seventy borders.

Teachers wishing to keep a boarding school, will do well by calling to see the place before

bargaining elsewhere.
Address the subscriber at Port Royal, Car sline county, Virginia. Nov. 27- THOMAS R THORNTON.

WASHINGTON SENTINEL.

VOL. 3.

TRI-WEEKLY.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1856.

ENGLISH AND PRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

"Miss Brooke is well known to me as a lady All advertising for a less time than three months, who is entirely capable of conducting successfully will be at the usual rates—\$1 per square for the worthy of the patronage of parents.
A. DALLAS BACHE."

Letters on business should be addressed

John Shaw, Sentinel office. Washington

Professor A. DALLAS BACHE, Supt. Coast Professor JOSEPH HENRY, Sec'y of Smithoian Institution. Gen. JOHN MASON, Washington, D. C. WILLIAM W. CORCORAN, Esq. "
JOHN S. MEEHAN, Esq., Librarian to Con

Hon. JAMES CAMPBELL, P. M. General. Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Chief Justice of the S. Court, Pa.
Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Associate Judg.

of the S. Court of Penna. Hon. GEORGE VAIL, M. C., N. Jersey. Lieut. M. F. MAURY, LL. D., U. S. Obs.

Circulars stating the terms to be had at the principal Book Stores, or of Miss Brooke, No 138 Pa. Avenue. August 30—3taw1m.

JOYCE'S TASTELESS SOLUTION Of Copalba! 114 Chambers Street, N. Y.

tion (lately called the Relay House) 9 miles from Baltimore. This is the only change of cars required between Washington and the Ohio river. Baggage is checked through to Wheeling at the Washington station, and rechecked and transferred there, (with the passengers) without charge, for those holding through tickets for points beyond. The connecting trains leave Washington daily at 6 a.m. and 4½ p.m. On Sundays at the latter hour only.

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TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

CENTLEMEN.—The valuable medicinal properties of Balsam Copaiba have long been recognized by the faculty, but the great disadvantage arising from its nauseous taste has hitherte prevented its administration in many diseases for which it is particularly adapted. The usual "modus operand?" of prescribing it, either in the form of an Emulsion or Gelatinous Capsules, has not been found satisfactory, being liable to some objection, either from the difficulty experiments of the CENTRAL OHIO RAILROAD, run ning from Bellaurre on the Ohio, near Wheeling, through Cambridge, Zanesville and Newark. to

medical profession, as it contains 50 per cent. of the pure-t Para Copaiba, without taste or smell, and at same time mixes clearly and freely with water, and is pronounced by the most eminent physicians and analytical chemists in the old and new worlds to contain all the medicinal proper-ties of Balsam Copaiba without its disagreable

characteristics.
It is an efficient preparation for all diseases of the mucous membranes, and particularly Gonorheœa, Leucorrhœa, Gleet, painful hemorrhoida affections, and in chronic irritation of the bladder. Sold in Washington wholesale, by J. N. CALLAN,

and retail by Messrs. C. Stott & Co., M. P Toledo, Detroit, Cnicago, etc., tickets are sold, when the Ohio is navigable between Wheeling and Wellsville (forty miles) where a connection with the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad is made.

Travellers are requested to notice that while this is the only route affording through tickets and checks in Washington, it is also the shortest, most

KTRA Heavy-plated Tea Sets, Albata Forks, Spoons, &c.-M. W. Galt & Bro. ave just received a beautiful assortment of-Extra Plated Tea Sets, latest styles Castors, Cake Baskets, Card Trays, &c

Also, superior Albata Forks and Spoons. The above are of the very best quality, and un

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I'emisylvania avenue, south side, between 7th streets, opposite Brown's Hotel.
Furnished Rooms to rent at that place.

NORTH AND SOUTH, by the author of "Mary Barton," "The Moorland Cottage," "Crawford," &c. 37½ cents.

Kings and Queens, or Life in the Palace, by John S. C. Abbott, new edition, just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM. for sale by

S TONE QUARRY.—I am prepared to furnish from my quarry, opposite the Little Falls and adjoining the quarry of the late Timothy O'Neale, any quantity of stone that may be needed for building purposes. Apply to the undersigned at his house on H, between 19th and 20th streets, in the First ward, or to Mr. Paine, at the quarry. WILLIAM B. SCOTT

THE FAILURE of Free Society.-Soci ology for the South, or the Failure of mety, by George Fitzhugh. On sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Book Store, near 9th street

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BARTLETT'S AMERICAN EXPLORing Expedition.—Personal narrative of ex-prations and incidents in Texas, New Mexico California, Sonora, and Chihuahua, i y J. R. Bart, lett. United States Commissioner during that period, in two volumes, with maps and illustrations The Hive of the Bee Hunter, a repository o Sketches, including peculiar American character, scenery, and rural sports, by T. B. Thorpe, author o' Tom Owen, the Bee Hunters, &c., illustrated

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Farmingdale, a novel, by Caroline Thomas.
Our Parish, or annals of Pastor and People.

Just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM, Corner of Penn. avenue and 11th st. THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN, Con-

taining Hints to Sportsmen, Notes on Sport-ng, and the Habits of the Game Birds and Wild ng, and the Habits of the Game Birds and Wild capable of being made the best possible mea aws. Fowl of America, by Elisha J. Lewis, M. D., with As part of this lind yielded 100 bushels of a signer. numerous illustrations. For sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

LEAVES from a Family Journal, from the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of The Attic Philosopher in Paris.

Mrs. Jameson's Common-place Book of Thoughts,

R. FARNHAM. Corner 11th st. and Penn. av

DRAYER BOOKS AND BIBLES ... Just received a very large assortment of Prayer Books and Bibles, in all kind of bindings; the best assortment, perhaps, to be found in the

History, Poetry, &c., and the best American edidistory, Poetry, Still R. FARNHAM,

in trust, with no sovereignty; History of Copartnership Territories from the Virginia Deed, 1784,
to the Treaty with Mexico, 1845; Division of the
Public Lands; Specific Duties; Origin and History
of the Puritans; Origin and Cause of Trouble between the North and South, and Jeopardy of the
Republic; Legal mode of Redress pointed out; by
W. B. Davis, Wilmington, North Carolina Price
I wo Dollars. I'wo Dollars.

On Sale at BISHOP'S Periodical Store, No. 216 Pennsylvania avenue, • adjoining Willard's Hotel NEW BOOKS RECEIVED AT SHIL-

LINGTON'S Bookstore— The Dodd Family, by Charles Lever, author of The Dodd Family, by Charles
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Everything in the Book, Newspaper, and Staonery line for sale at
JOE SHILLINGTON'S
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street and Pa. avenue.

TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND WATCHES,—Members of Congress and others in want of perfect timekeepers would do well to make their selections at once, in order to test their quality before leaving the city.

Our assortment for both Ladies and Gentlemen was never so complete as at present, embracing very description, which we offer unusually low.

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Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th atreets.

Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th streets.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER and Plated Ware at Reduced Prices.—In anticipation of the approaching dull season, we offer our entire stock of elegant Gold Watches, Rich Jewelry, Pure Silverware, &c., at greatly reduced rates. reduced rates.

Persons would do well to examine our assort

ment, which is by far the largest, most fashionable, and best selected ever offered to our customers.

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324 Penn. avenue, between 8th and 9th streets Feb 16-3tif HARPER'S MAGAZINE for September is a magnificent number, filled with superior orgravings, and for sale at SHILLINGTON'S book

The great Illustrated Magazine of Art for Sepunber is one of the best that has been issued. Leslie's Ladies' Gazette for September contains the new Fall fashions. The Knickerbocker Magazine for September

nodev's Lady's Book, Graham's Magazine, and in m's Magazine, all for September, received and for sale at SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore,

TAKE NOTICE. of every description of Spectacles, from the lowest price to the very best quality used, and having been for a long time engaged in manufac-turing, and adjusting Glasses for the most difficult and defective visions, therefore can with confidence guarantee to benefit and improve the sight of al-

Call at 418, Pennsylvania avenue, Sign of the arge Spread Eagle- A. O. HOOD. Feb 7 [Organ.]

KID GLOVES.—A fresh supply of Gent's light-colored Kid Gloves at STEVENS'S Feb 24—3tif Sales Room, Brown's Hotel.

TAYLOR & MAURY'S DOLLAR LETter balance, in universal use. Price \$1.

April 21 , Bookstore, near 9th st.

TINDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS .-Under Shirts and a very large supply of Warm Under Shirts and Drawers this day opened, of the best quality and at low and uniform prices, at STEVENS'S Sales Room, Nov 15-3tif Brown's Hotel.

A MERICAN ENGINEERING, Illustrated by branches of mechanical arts, stationary, marine, and lecomotive engines, manufacturing machinery, printing presses, tools, grist, steam, saw, and rolling mills, from buildings, &c., of the newest and most improved construction, by G. Weissenborn, Civil Engineer; parts one and two now ready, \$1 each. Sole agents for Washington, TAYLOR & MAURY,

Washington, Apr 14 Bookstore, near 9th st. M. R.S. JAMESON'S NEW BOOK.—A common-place book of Thoughts, Memo ries and Fancies, original and selected, by Mrs Jameson. Price 75 cents.

Leaves from a Family Journal, from the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of "the Attic Philosopher in Paris." Paper, 50 cents; cloth, 75

Theory and Practice of Landscape Painting in water colors, illustrated by a series of 24 designs, colored diagrams of numerous wood cuts, with two extra plates of simultaneous contracts, by George Barnard. Price \$5.

Just received at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, HISTORY OF GREECE,-A History of Greece, from the earliest times to the Roman aquest, with supplementary chapters on the History of Literature and Art. By Wm. Smith LL. D., editor of the Dictionaries of "Greek and Roman Antiquities" "Biography and Mythology," and "Geography." With notes, and a continuation to the present time. By C. C. Felton, LL.D., Eliot Professor of Greek Literature in Harvard

University.

The above work is intended principally for schools of the higher classes. Just received and for sale at the Bookstore of R. FARNHAM, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 11th street. Aug 21.

THE SONS OF THE SIRES, A HIStory of the Rise, Progress, and Destiny of the American Party, and its probable influence on the next Presidential election, to which is added a Review of the Letter of the Hon. Henry A. Wise against the Know-nothings, by an Ame-

The History of Mason and Dixon's Line, contained in an Address delivered by John H. B. Latrobe, of Maryland, before the Historical So-ciety of Pennsylvania, November 8, 1854. Mirana Elliot, or the Voice of the Spirit, by S.

Autobiography of Charles Caldwell, M. D., with Preface, Notes, and Appendix, by Harriet W

Just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM, Corner of Penn. avenue and 11th street.

A VALUABLE FARM IN VIRGINIA, (1.600 Acres) for Sale.—Having leased for a term of years, "The Fauquier White Sulphur Springs" to persons whose high reputation warrants the belief they will be kept in the best style, the undersigned now offers for sale the valuable farm which surrounds the Springs.
It contains upwards of 450 acres of low ground

-remarkable for extraordinary crops of cora, and acre, in 18 3, the twelfth year of successive mithe season, produced 70 bushels—the Farm is easily susceptible of division, and is certainly one of the best in Virginia.

Terms: One-third on the 1st of December next

and the balance in one and two years thereafter with interest from date of delivery. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber by letters addressed to "Warrenton Springs, Virmia," or to Washington, D. C.
May 1-tf THOMAS GREEN.

A POCALYPTC SKETCHES. Lectures on the Book of Revelation by the Rev. John Cumming, D. D.; 75 cents.

Benedictions, or the Blessed ...(e. by the Rev. Also, a large assortment of English Books in J. Cumming, D. D.; 75 cents.
School Books and School Requisites at the lowest price, for sale at the bookstore of GRAY & BALLANTYNE,

AND HACKMEN.

Itow To Know who the Hackman is.—All hacks are required to be licensed, and to have the number of their licenses to be painted in black figures of not less than two inches in depth, on the front and side of each lamp attached to such carfage, or, if there be no lamps, the numbers shall be conspicuously painted on each side of the driver's

In case any stranger or other person feels himself aggrieved by any hack-driver, let him obtain the number of the hack. How to reach him with the law is hereafter pointed out.
RATES OF FARE ALLOWED BY LAW.—For each

utes, driver to be allowed, in addi-tion, for each quarter of an hour de-

more than two persons are in a hack the driver is not permitted to take up another passenger without the consent of persons already in his hack.

When any number of persons employ a hack the driver is not allowed to take up any other passenger, provided the occupant will pay him the

fare of three persons.

Hackmen are allowed to receive a greater com

Hackmen are allowed to receive a greater compensation than is fixed by law if it be voluntarily offered by the passenger; but if he receive the same without informing the passenger that it is greater than his legal fare, he is guilty of having demanded the illegal fare, he is guilty of having demanded the illegal fare.

IN CASES OF REFUSAL BY HACKMEN TO TAKE PASSENGERS.—Hackmen are required by law to carry all passengers rendering them the legal fare, unless previously engaged for the time necessary to transport passengers offering him the lare, under a penalty of five dollars.

When a hackman shall refuse to take passengers on the plea of a previous engagement, he is

gers, on the plea of a previous engagement, he is required to give the name and residence of the person by whom he is so engaged, under a penalty of five dollars.

If it should appear that the plea of a previous engagement was a false one, or that the information of the name and residence of the person given by the hackman was false, then the hackman PENALTY FOR DEMANDING ILLEGAL FARE.—The penalty for demanding a higher rate of fare for the transportation of passengers, is five dollars for each offence; and the person paying the illegal fare may recover back the amount over and above the sum allowed by law.

Where illegal fare is demanded or received of a stranger, or any person who shall not at the time.

stranger, or any person who shall not at the time have resided twelve months in the city, the pen-alty for so doing is double, or ten dollars for each SLEIGHS .- The rates of fare and all the other con-

ditions, terms, and penalties, prescribed by law for the regulation of hackney carriages, apply to all sleighs running for hire within the city of Wash-Drivers.—No person under sixteen years of age DRIVERS.—No person under sixteen years of age is allowed by law to drive any hack, cab, or sleigh for hire in this city, under a penalty of five dollars. How TO VINDICATE THE LAW.—Strangers and others arriving in the city by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, who shall apply to a hackman for the use of his vehicle and be refused, or who shall be asked and required to pay over and above the legal rates of fare, will observe the number on the hack, and immediately inform the police officer whose duty it is to be in attendance at the depot. That officer will protect the passenger from impo-

fending hackman.

Any refusal or neglect by the police officer at the depot to execute the law in this respect he knows will be followed promptly by his dismissal.

Strangers reaching the depot from steamboats or other places from whom illegal fare is demanded will apply to the police officer in attendance, whose duty it is to ascertain whether the fare demanded be illegal, and if so, to prosecute the offending

READY MADE CLOTHING

T REDUCED PRICES .-- As the seaso A is advanced, we have determined to sell off the remaining portion of our winter stock at greatly reduced prices; therefore gentleman wish ing to consult economy in purchasing fine Over coats, Talmas Dress, Frock, and Business Coats; coats, Talmas Dress, Frock, and Dusiness Black and Fancy Cashmere Pants; Velvet, Silk, Satin, and Merino Vests; Under Shirts and Drawers, and all other ready made garments of fine quality, will find our present variety to be as well assorted as in the beginning of the *eason,

with the advantage of much lower prices.
WALL & STEPHENS,

322 Pa avenue, next to Iron Hall. The New York and Liverpool United States The ships comprising this line are:

The Atlantic Captain West. The Pacific Captain Nye.

dations for passengers are unequalled for ele-gance and comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool, in first cabin......\$130 In second cabin, \$75. Exclusive use of extra sized

No berth secured until paid for. No berth secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

Prom. New York.

Wed'day. Dec. 27, 1854 | Saturday. Dec. 16, 1854

Wed'day. Jan. 10, 1855 | Saturday. Dec. 50, 1854

Wed'day. Jan. 24, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 13, 1855

Wed'day. Feb. 21, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 27, 1855

Wed'day. Mar. 7, 1855 | Saturday. Feb. 10, 1855

Wed'day. Mar. 7, 1855 | Saturday. Feb. 24, 1855

For free fight or navage.

For freight or pa-sage, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall street, N. Y. BROWN, SHIPLEY & Co., Liverpool.

R. G. ROBERTS & Co., 13 King's Arms Yard, London. B. G. WAINWRIGHT & Co., GEO. H. DRAPER, Havre. The owners of these ships will not be accounta hie for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, pre cious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein ex-

TOMMENTARIES on the Jurisdiction Practice, and Peculiar Jurisprudence of the Courts of the United States, vol. 1, by George Ficknor Curtis.

History of the Crusades, their Rise, Progress,

nd Results, by Major Proctor, of the Royal Military Academy.
Cumming's Lectures on the Seven Churches. On sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore

FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS.—A collection of Familiar Quotations, with complete In dices of Authors and Subjects, price \$1.

Memorials of Youth and Manhood, by Sidney Willard, two volumes; price \$2.
Ellie, or the Human Comedy, by John Ester
Cooke, author of Virginia Come lians, &c.
TAYLOR & MAUR * Gokstore

NOTICE.—The undersigned have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting a mercantile business, under the firm of Williams and Son.

JAMES WILLAMS. March 26, 1856. JAMES H. WILIAMS.

duty is involved with increased responsibility

VENTION. Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patri-otism and the discriminating justice of the

American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinc-Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our creed which we are proud to embrace and uphold the Union as it is, and to maintain before the world as a great element the Union as it should be—in the full expanin a form of government springing from and sion of the energies and capacity of this great upheld by a popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the vote of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the

popular credulity. Resolved, Therefore, That entertaining these views, the Democratic party of the Union, through their delegates assembled in a general convention of the States, convening together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative government, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert before the American people the declarations of principles avowed by them, when, on former occasions, in general convention, they presented their candidates for the popular

suffrages.

1. That the federal government is one of liberal powers, derived solely from the Constitution, and the grants of power made therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exer-

cise doubtful constitutional powers. 2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the general government the power to commence and carry on a general system of in-

ernal improvements.

3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the federal government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local internal improve-

ments, or other State purposes; nor would such assumption be just or expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the federal government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to herish the interests of one portion to the inury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen and every section of the country has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and a complete and ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence and for-

eign aggression.
5. That it is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenpenses of the Government, and for gradual but certain extinction of the public debt.

6. That Congress has no power to charter a National Bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interest of our country, dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the prople, and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and will of the peo-ple; and that the results of Democratic legis-lation in this and all other financial measures and phases of Free lation in this and all other financial measures with or without domestic slavery, publicanism, and by interfering with the rights upon which issues have been made between demonstrated to practical men of all parties their soundness, safety and utility in all busi-

ness pursuits.

7. That the separation of the moneys of the Government from all banking institutions is indispensable for the safety of the funds of the

Government and the rights of the people. 8. That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty, and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been car-dinal principles in the Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the privilege of be-coming citizens and owners of soil among us ought to be resisted with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our

statute book. 9. That Congress has no power under the Constitution to interfere with or control the domestic institutions of the several States, and that all such States are the sole and proper judges of everything appertaining to their own affairs not prohibited by the Constitution; that all efforts of the abolitionists or others made to induce Congress to interfere with questions of slavery, or to take incipient steps in relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most alarming and dangerous consequences, and that all such efforts have an inevitable tendency to diminish the happiness of the people and endanger the stability and permanency of the

any friend of our political institutions. Resolved, That the foregoing proposition subject of slavery agitation in Congress, and progressive people. therefore the Democratic party of the Union, standing on this national platform, will abide by and adhere to a faithful execution of the ing designed to carry out an express provision of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity there-

to, be repealed, or so changed as to destroy or impair its efficiency.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing in Congress, or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may

be made. Resolved, That the proceeds of the public lands ought to be sacredly applied to the na-tional objects specified in the Constitution, and that we are opposed to any law for the distribution of such proceeds among the States, as alike inexpedient in policy and repugnant to the Constitution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under restrictions and responsibilities amply sufficient to guard the public interests, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives until the judgment of the and tyrannical dominion of the Bank of the of general internal improvements.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1792 and 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia Legislature in 1799—that it adopts those principles as constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out on their obvious meaning and import.

That in view of the condition of the popular institution in the Old World, a high and sacred

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SOUTHERN BOOK,—Origin of the Constitution; Incorporation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignity; History of Coparisment by The Cincinnation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignity; History of Coparisment by The Cincinnatic Constitution; Incorporation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignity; History of Coparisment by the States, and to be licensed, and to have the number of the Constitution; Incorporation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignity; History of Coparisment by the States and to sustain and advance of the States. CRATIC PARTY AS ADOPTED party of the people, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby the union of the States—and to sustain and advance among them constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legis-lation for the benefit of the few, at the expense of the many, and by a vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromise

> and progressive people. The first part of the report embraces the general principles of the last Convention, and re-affirms the Baltimore platform of 1852. It

then proceeds as follows: AND WHEREAS, since the foregoing declaration was numerously adopted by our predeces-sors in National Conventions, an adverse political and religious test has been secretly organized by a party claiming to be exclusively Americans, and it is proper that the American Democracy should clearly define its relations thereto: Therefore—

Resolved, That the foundation of this Union

of States having been laid in its prosperity, expansion, and pre-eminent example in free government, built upon entire freedom in matters of religious concern, and no respect of persons in regard to rank or place of birth, no party can justly be deemed national, constitutional, or in accordance with American principles which bases its exclusive organization upon religious opinions and accidental birth-

That we reiterate with renewed energy of purpose the well-considered declarations of former Conventions upon the sectional issue of lomestic slavery, and concerning the reserved rights of the States, and that we may more distinctly meet the issue on which a sectional party, subsisting exclusively on slavery agita-tion, now relies to test the fidelity of the peo-ple, North and South, to the Constitution and Resolved, That, claiming fellowship with and

desiring the co-operation of all who regard the preservation of the Union, under the Constitution, as the paramount issue, and repudia-ting all sectional parties and platforms concerning domestic slavery, which seek to embroil the States and incite to treason and armed resistance to law in the Territories; and whose avowed purposes, if consummated, must end in civil war and disunion, the American Democracy recognise and adopt the principles contained in the organic laws establishing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska as embodying the only sound and safe solution of the slavery question upon which the great national idea of the people of this whole country can repose in its determined conservatism of the Union, non-interference by Congress with slavery in States and Territory, or in the District of Columbia; that this was the basis of the compromises of 1850, confirmed by both the Democratic and Whig parties in National Conventions, ratified by the people in the election of 1852, and rightly applied to the organization of Territories in 1854; that the uniform application of this Democratic principle to the organization. American State that may be constituted or annexed with a republican form of Govern-

Resolved. That we recognize the right of the people of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska, acting through the legally and fairly expressed will of a majority of actual residents, and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a constitution, with or without domestic slavery, and be admitted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the

Resolved, That, in view of the condition the popular institutions of the Old World, and the dangerous tendencies of sectional agitation, combined with the attempt to enforce civil and religious disabilities against the rights of acquiring citizenship in our own land, a high and sacred duty has devolved an increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country, as the party of the Union, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and which could paver admit of a more easy settlethereby to sustain and advance among us con. which could never admit of a more easy settle benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and by vigilant adherence to those principles and the compromises of the Constitution which uphold the Union as it was, the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be in the full expancovers and was intended to embrace the whole sion of the energies and capacity of this great

Resolved, That the questions connected with by and adhere to a faithful execution of the acts known a the compromise measures settled by Congress, the act for reclaiming figurities should declare themselves in favor of free seas, from service or labor included; which act be from service or labor included; which act be- of progressive free trade throughout the world, and by solemn manifestations place their moral

influence by the side of their successful example. Resolved, That our geographical and political position with reference to other States of this continent, no less than the interest of our commerce and the development of our growing power, requires that we hold sacred the principles involved in the Monroe doctrine; that their bearing and import should admit of no misconstruction, and should be applied with

unbending rigidity. Resolved, That a great highway of Nature, as well as the assent of those States most immediately interested in its maintenance, has been marked out for a free communication be-

of Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has should we allow any interference with the resaved the American people from the corrupt lations which it may suit our policy to establish with the Government of States within whose United States, and from a corrupting system dominion it lies; that we can, under no circumstances, surrender our preponderance in the adjustment of all questions arising out of it.

> an interest, the people of the United States cannot but sympathize with the efforts which are being made by the people of Central Ame-rica to regenerate that portion of the continent which covers the passage across the oceanic Resolved, That the Democratic party will expect of the next Administration that every proper effort will be made to insure our assendency in the Gulf of Mexico; to maintain a

WASHINGTON SENTINEL

BEVERLEY TUCKER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT, JAMES BUCHANAN OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, OF KENTUCKY.

permanent protection of the great outlets through which are emptied into its waters the products raised upon the soil, and the com-modities created by the industry of the people of our Western valleys and the Union at large.

PLATFORM OF JAMES BUCHANAN, OI

PENNSYLVANIA. "Resolved, That in the present distracted condition of parties, in which sectional and partial issues have been allowed to attain a dangerous supremacy, we recognise in the policy of the Democratic party, that which rests upon the Constitution as its basis; and that it is the party which above all others has, in the language of the illustrious Madison, ever continued 'to hold the Union of the States as the basis of their peace and happiness; to support the Constitution, which is the cement of the Union, as well in its limitations as its authorities. thorities; to respect the rights and authorities reserved to the States and to the people, as equally incorporated with, and essential to, the success of the general system; and to avoid the slightest interference with the rights of conscience or the functions of religion, so wisely exempted from civil jurisdiction."

"Resolved, That by the general consent of the

wise and virtuous of all nations, the framers of the Republic of the United States exhibited, in their individual characters and in the result of their public deliberations, a degree of virtue and a practical statesmanship to which the history of the world affords no parallel; that in no part of the Federal compact is the wisdom of our Fathers more conspicuous, than in leav-ing the whole question of slavery to the States in their separate capacities, and that in the pro-vision for the re-delivery of fugitives escaped from labor or service, they demonstrated a sense of justice, an appreciation of the value of the Union, an attachment to its preservation, an avoidance of one-sided philanthropy and impracticable theories of government, which present a proper example for the guidance and imitation of us their descendants.

"Resolved, That we look only to the Constitution and the expectation theory which has been been as the state of the s

tion, and the exposition thereof which has been afforded by the practices of the Democratic ad ministrations, for the chart of our policy. That these constitute, until the fundamental law is changed by methods which itself provides, the highest law of our obedience as citizens; and that we utterly discard that particular and exaggerated sympathy, the attempt to carry which into practice is at the peril of our dearest interests as a nation, and threatens the in-fliction of evils of tenfold magnitude to those-

which it proposes to heal.

"Resolved, That the equality of the States is the vital element of the Constitution itself, and that all interference with the rights of the States, by those who seek to disregard the sacred guarantees of the past, and by all others, should be rebuked with the same spirit that would denounce and repudiate all attempts to erect odious distinctious between those who are entitled to share the blessings and benefits of our free institutions. " Resolved. That the effort to direct the power

as they may elect, the equal rights of all the publicanism, and by interfering with the rights of conscience in establishing a religious test a compacts of the Constitution maintained invio- a qualification for office, by the secret oath-bound late, and the perpetuation and expansion of this Union ensured to its utmost capacity of to the letter and the spirit of the Constitution. embracing, in peace and harmony, every future and to the earnest teachings and practice of its earliest and most honored administrators. "Resolved, That we are now as ever unaltera-

bly opposed to the doctrines and designs of all organizations which contemplate the overthrow of the civil and religious rights of the citizen, which, like the equality of the States, is a sacred and inalienable right, never to be interfered with by factious parties and reckless legislation, without a subversion of the primary objects of our political system, and a repudiation of the guarantees of the past, and the hopes of the future.
"Resolved, That in the repeal of the act known

as the Missouri Compromise act, and the pas-sage of the act organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, free from unconstitutional restrictions, the last Congress performed a work of patriotic sacrifice, in meeting the demands of sectional excitement by unshaken adherence to the fundamental law. "Resolved, That this legislation cannot be

stitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all ment than at present. That we recognize in monopolies and exclusive legislation for the it the application to the Territories of the it the application to the Territories of the United States of the rule of 'equal and exact justice to all men,' of all sections of the Confederacy, which was designed by the framers Union, and ought not to be countenanced by are broad and strong enough to embrace and of our Government, and which was defined as one of its essential principles by the immorta Jefferson. "Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsyl vania, following the counsel of some of the wisest statesmen of the North and South, were the foreign policy of the country are inferior to ready on more than one occasion in the past to extend the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific, so as to make it the basis of a final set-

tlement of the question of slavery in the Terri tories; but when this proposition was rejected, in 1848, on the ground that it involved an undue concession to the South, by the very mea who now clamor for a restoration of the Missouri line, there seemed to be but one wise alternative left, and that was to refer the whole question of slavery in the Territories to the people thereof, to be regulated as they may deem proper; and we, therefore, cheerfully ex-tend our hearty support to the policy of the Government as recognized in the compromise measures of 1850, and embodied in the laws organizing the Territories of Kansas and Ne-

GLENWOOD CEMETERY. OFFICE No. 292, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Corner of 10th street, over Savings Bank. THIS CEMETERY is laid out on the plate of the celebrated Greenwood of New York, and situated on the high ground, distant one and a quarter miles north of the Capitol, North Cepitol street, leading directly to the Gateway. This tol street, leading directly to the Gateway. This company have received a charter from Congress, appropriating this ground for ever to burial purposes, making a fee title to the purcheser, and prohibiting all encroachments from legislation or otherwise, which is of vast importance to those who wish their dead to repose where they have placed them; for it has become a custom in all cities when the burial ground becomes valuable for other purposes, to sell it, and throw the dead promiscuously into one large pit, and legal measures cannot prevent it, as no titles are given to sures cannot prevent it, as no titles are given to

N. B. Office hours from 10 a m., to 12m, where pamphlets containing the Charter, By-laws, and a Map of the Grounds, and all other information can be obtained.

All orders less with Mr. James F. Harvy 410, 7th street, or any other undertaker, will be promptly attended to.

June 19—iv

BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL,